Department of Obstetrics & Gynecology

MBBCh final examination

Cairo, January 2009

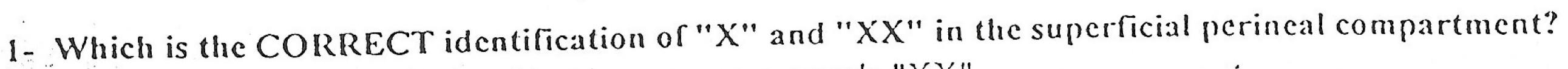
Organized Performance Clinical Examination (OSPE)

Total questions: 25

Total marks: 50 marks

Time Allowed: 50 Minutes

Direction: Select the ONE best lettered answer or completion in each question.



Epen moid

- a) bulbospongiosus muscle "X" and ischiocavernosus muscle "XX"
- b) vestibulaor bulb "X" and lower edge of the levator ani muscle "XX"
- c) ischiocavernosus muscle "X" and bulbospongiosus muscle "XX"
- d) urogenital diaphragm "X" and ischiocavernosus muscle "XX"
- e) puborectalis muscle "X" and crus of clitoris "XX"
- 2- Which structure has that epithelial lining?
- a) the vaginal wall
- the labia minora
- the cervical canal
- d) the surface epithelium of the ovaries
- e) the surface epithelium of the vestibule
- 3- The sperm penetrates the zona pellcida by action of:
- a) zona protein
- hyalouronidase in acrosomal cap and movement of sperm tail
- clastase and proteinase
- mechanical movement of the sperm
- e) none of the above
 - Which is not valuable to perform with these instruments?
- preliminary to curettage
- preliminary to trachelorrhaphy
- preliminary to introduction of radium in the uterine cavity
- d) drainage of pyometra
- treatment of congestive dysmenoorrhea
- 5- The INCORRECT statement regarding that test:
- normally the epithelium of the cctocervix stain brown
- normally the epithelium of the vaginal wall stain brown
- areas of columnar metaplasia do not stain brown
- areas that do not stain brown are definitely malignant tissues
 - it is complementary but not competitor to colposcopy
- 6- Contraindications of that imaging study DO NOT include:
- suspected blockage of the fallopian tubes
- suspected acute pelvic inflammatory disease
- suspected intrauterine pregnancy
- 3-d) premenstrual phase
- during active bleeding from the uterus
- 7- The INCORRECT statement regarding that microscopic study:
- it helps to study the hormonal pattern
- it can detect subclinical infection
- it may detect malignant endometrial cells
- the normal cyclical pattern consists of five phases
- the estogenic phase shows mature superficial cells

8- Which is the CORRECT statement for uncomplicated cervical ec	
a) it is an ulcer of the ectocervix	ctopy (crosion)?
b) cervical ectopy during pregnancy is best treated by cone biopsy	
c) cauterization should be done as a first line of therapy	MCQ
Pap smear is advisable before treatment	
c) commonly it causes pain, dyspareunia and low back pain	
9- Which is the INCORRECT statement about a land.	
9- Which is the INCORRECT statement about such benign tumors (a) they are estrogen dependent	of the uterus?
b) asymptomatic cases are common	
they are completely benign and malignant changes never develop	: 1100
d) they shrink in size in response to treatment with LHRH agonists	MCW.
e) they may be managed conservatively	
10- Which physical sign is NOT consistent with that diagnosis?	
(a) fixed retroversion of the uterus	
b) tender pelvic masses	
c) adnexal enlargement	
d) Cul-de-sac nodules	
omental nodules	
11- Which is NOT a complication of such tumor?	
a) torsion	
b) infection	
(-c) malignant change	
d) rupture	
pulmonary embolism	
12- Which character is NOT proting to	
12- Which character is NOT applicable to vulval ulcer due to squamou a) raised everted edges	is cell carcinoma?
b) sloughing surface	
there may be fibrosis.	
d) indurated base	MACA
e) may be infected a	
13- Which is the INCORRECT statement for nipple discharge?	
a) it is not rare	
galactorrhea is usually unilateral	MCa
c) it is not serious in most of the patients	
-d) duct ectasia is a benign cause for the serous discharge	
(e) mammogram should be a part of the evaluation with home to the	
mammogram should be a part of the evaluation with hemorrhagic disch Which is NOT reduced followings usage of combined oral contraces	arge
breast milk production	plive pill?
Cervical cancer,	
vc) salpingitis	•
Depithelial ovarian cancer	
e) endometrial cancer	
♦ 15- Which is the CORRECT statement regarding clomiphene citrate?	-
a) it increases the incidence of breast carcinoma	~ 6
- b) it is not associated with ovarian cyst formation	VVCV
c) it increases the risk of fetal malformations	
might induce vasomotor symptoms	
c) it is prescribed in a starting dose of 50 mg daily for five days / month	
16- Which condition is NOT an indication for amniocentesis?	
a) suspected open neural tube defect	
management of unsensitized Rh-negative pregnant women	MCQ
c) tests for fetal lung maturity	
d) suspected chorioannionitis	
e) examination of fetal cells for the chromosomal pattern	*
was constonate emonosomal pattern	

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17-	Which is the most relevant feature of that patholgy?
85	pelvic pain
(b)	amenorrhoea
c)	fainting
d)	vaginal bleeding
e)	pelvic mass
18-	Which of the following is NOT a risk factor for the condition "X"?
a)	diabetes $\mathcal{M} \cap \mathcal{R}$
1	female fetus
c)	maternal obesity i
	gestational age > 42 weeks
(e)	none of the above Which one of the following is most likely to be a contraindication for tocoloysis at 28 weeks gestation?
1.9-	Which one of the following is most likely to be a contraindication for tocoloysis at 28 weeks gestation?
	suspected abruption
	asymptomatic bacteruria
(3)	group B streptococcal bacteriuria uterine fibroid .
,	contracted pelvis
	The lower uterine segment during normal pregnancy develops from:
	the isthmus of the uterus
	the fundus of the uterus
	the cervical canal
	the squamo-columnar junction
c)	the portiovaginalis
	Which is NOT true regarding that type of the placenta? it is more common in patients who have had previous uterine surgery
	It increases the risk of postpartum haemorrhage
,	it is associated with an increase of prematurity
	mostly needs cesarean section if presents at term
1	primarily it associate pregnancy induced hypertension
22-	Which is the INCORRECT statement regarding engagement of the presenting part?
	the biparietal diameter passes the plane of pelvic inlet in cephalic presentation
	short cord is one of causes of non-engagement
	in multipara it may occur only at the 2 nd stage of labor
	can be diagnosed by the role of fifths
•	the lowest part of the head is at station -1
	Caput succedaneum is characterized by all of the following EXCEPT:
	t is due to prolonged pressure on fetal head by maternal tissues
	t is usually few millimeters in thickness
-	t does not cross suture lines of the skull
1	t does not develop if the fetus is dead
24-	Concerning the occipto frontal diameter, all of the following are true EXCEPT:
a) i	t extends from occipital protuberance to root of the nose
1 -	t is 9.5 cm in length
	t is the diameter of engagement in after coming head of breech
54	t is the diameter distending the vulva in face to pubis delivery
25-	Which is the CORRECT statement regarding eclampsia?
a)	postpartum eclampsia is more common than anetpartum eclampsia. The maternal mortality rate is highest when it occurs before delivery
	the material montanty rate is rightest when i vocats before derivers.
. ,	placental abruption is a recognised association.
	the pregnancy could be continued with proper medications.
c)	disseminated intravascular coagulation is not an associated hazard.

GOOD LUCK